

United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/824,657	04/15/2004	Sung-hee Hwang	1293.1864	7724
49455	7590 10/05/2006		EXAMINER	
STEIN, MCEWEN & BUI, LLP 1400 EYE STREET, NW			HUBER, PAUL W	
SUITE 300	IREEI, NW		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGT	ON, DC 20005	2627		
			DATE MAILED: 10/05/200	6 ·

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/824,657	HWANG ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Paul Huber	2627	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app			
Period for Reply			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period versilure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from 1, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1)☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a)☐ This action is FINAL. 2b)☑ This 3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 9-21,29,36-39 and 42-49 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 9-21,29,36-39 and 42-49 is/are rejected to. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the Idrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list.	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)		•	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate	

The specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Claims 9-16, 18-20, 29, 36-39 and 42-49 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-16 and 19-25 of copending Application No. 11/226,224. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because: as noted by the Federal Circuit in Eli Lilly v. Barr, "[a] a patentable distinction does not lie where a later claim is anticipated by an earlier one" (see also In re Berg and In re Goodman which established that a later genus claim limitation is anticipated by, and therefore not patentably distinct from, an earlier species claim); and/or it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have the apparatus/drive claims for recording/reproducing data, the motivation being to record/reproduce the optical data storage medium of the copending claims with an apparatus/drive.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claims 9-21, 29, 36-39 and 42-49 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-18 of copending Application No. 11/432,328. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because: as noted by the Federal Circuit in Eli Lilly v. Barr, "[a] a patentable distinction does not lie where a later claim is anticipated by an earlier one" (see also In re Berg and In re Goodman which established that a later genus claim limitation is anticipated by, and therefore not patentably distinct from, an earlier species claim).

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claims 9-16, 18-20, 29, 36-39 and 42-49 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-16 of copending Application No. 11/432,470. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because: as noted by the Federal Circuit in Eli Lilly v. Barr, "[a] a patentable distinction does not lie where a later claim is anticipated by an earlier one" (see also In re Berg and In re Goodman which established that a later genus claim limitation is

Application/Control Number: 10/824,657

Art Unit: 2627

anticipated by, and therefore not patentably distinct from, an earlier species claim); and/or it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have the apparatus/drive claims for recording/reproducing data, the motivation being to record/reproduce the optical data storage medium of the copending claims with an apparatus/drive.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Omum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The references cited on the PTO-892 each disclose a recording/reproducing apparatus and method for recording/reproducing defect management information on a recording medium.

Claims 9-21, 29, 36-39 and 42-49 would be allowed if a terminal disclaimer is timely filed as explained above.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Paul Huber at telephone number 571-272-7588.

Faul Huber Primary Examiner Art Unit 2627

pwh October 2, 2006